



# UNFOOD CONFERENCE

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## PROGRAM

I

## ZBORNIK RADOVA

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# UNIFood Conference

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ODRŽIVOST HRANE / FOOD CHAIN SUSTANIBILITY



ОН3 / FCS3 У/О

## Hemijski sastav biomase prosa i soje gajenih u sistemu kombinovanih useva

Milena Milenković<sup>1</sup>, Milena Simić<sup>1</sup>, Milan Brankov<sup>1</sup>, Živoslav Tešić<sup>2</sup>, Dušanka Milojković-Opsenica<sup>2</sup>, Vesna Dragičević<sup>1</sup>

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Sistemi regenerativne poljoprivrede podrazumevaju različite sisteme gajenja useva i upotrebe đubriva sa ciljem pozitivnog uticaja na biogenost zemljišta i kvalitet useva. Postavljen je ogled različitih sistema kombinovanih useva prosa i soje: naizmenični redovi i trake (2 reda soje + 2 reda prosa; 2 reda soje + 4 reda prosa), kao i čistih useva, kako bi se pratile promene u koncentraciji rastvorljivih proteina, rastvorljivih fenola kao i fitinskog i neorganskog fosfora u zelenoj biomasi. Paralelno je ispitivan i uticaj mikrobiološkog đubriva Coveron (kombinacija *Glomus* sp. i *Trichoderma* sp.) na date parametre. Rezultati pokazuju da postoji značajna razlika u koncentraciji ispitivanih analita između različitih kombinacija gajenja. Posebno se izdvojila kombinacija useva gajenih u trakama tretirana mikrobiološkim đubrivom, koja pozitivno utiče na povećanje koncentracije analita, a kao i na prinos zelene biomase. Ovaj način gajenja se čini pogodnim za povećanje produktivnosti i kvaliteta biomase za stočnu ishranu.

## Chemical composition of biomass of proso millet and soybean grown in intercropping system

Milena Milenković<sup>1</sup>, Milena Simić<sup>1</sup>, Milan Brankov<sup>1</sup>, Živoslav Tešić<sup>2</sup>, Dušanka Milojković-Opsenica<sup>2</sup>, Vesna Dragičević<sup>1</sup>

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Regenerative agriculture implies different systems of crop growing and fertilizers usage, with the aim of positively influencing on soil biogenity and crop quality. An overview of various intercropping systems of proso millet and soybean is given: alternating rows and strips (2 rows of soybean + 2 rows of proso millet; 2 rows of soybean + 4 rows of proso millet), as well as sole crops in order to monitor changes in concentration of soluble proteins, soluble phenols as well as phytic and inorganic phosphorus in green biomass. In parallel, the influence of bio-fertilizer Coveron (combination of *Glomus* sp. and *Trichoderma* sp.) on the given parameters was also investigated. The results show significant difference in concentration of the tested analytes between various experimental combinations. In particular, a combination of crops grown in strips with bio-fertilizers has been singled out, which positively affect concentration of analytes and, at the same time, the green biomass yield. This method seems to be suitable for increasing the productivity and quality of biomass for animal feed.